

How Many Languages Are Spoken In Australia

The Linguistic Tapestry of Australia: Unraveling the Threads of Multilingualism

Australia, a nation often associated with a strong sense of national identity, boasts a remarkably diverse linguistic landscape. Far from being a monolingual country, Australia embraces a multitude of languages spoken by its diverse population. This delves into the intricate web of languages spoken in Australia, exploring the rich history behind this linguistic tapestry, the challenges and opportunities it presents, and the vibrant future it promises.

The Intricate History of Language in Australia

Australia's linguistic history is deeply intertwined with its indigenous heritage. Prior to European colonization, over 250 distinct Indigenous languages thrived across the continent. These languages, with their complex grammars and intricate cultural narratives, were deeply embedded in the land and the way of life of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander peoples. The arrival of Europeans, however, brought about significant upheaval. Colonisation led to the suppression and marginalisation of Indigenous languages, causing a dramatic decline in their use and practice. Today, efforts are underway to revitalise and preserve these languages, recognizing their crucial role in maintaining cultural continuity and identity.

Understanding the Current Linguistic Landscape

While the number of indigenous languages is considerably smaller now compared to pre-colonial times, they remain crucial components of Australian society. There are ongoing efforts in the education system, cultural organizations, and government initiatives to support indigenous language learning and cultural preservation. However, alongside the historical weight of Indigenous languages, Australia is a nation of immigrants. This influx has brought with it a plethora of languages from around the globe. English remains the dominant language, but numerous other languages, including Mandarin, Cantonese, Vietnamese, Arabic, and Italian, are widely spoken in various communities across the country. **(Data Visualisation 1: A pie chart depicting the percentage breakdown of non-English languages spoken in different Australian cities. This could include specific cities like Sydney, Melbourne, Brisbane etc. Source: ABS data on language proficiency.)**

Challenges to Multilingualism in Australia

While Australia celebrates its multilingualism, several challenges persist:

- *Language barriers*: The increasing number of languages spoken in the country can create communication barriers in everyday life, particularly in areas like education, healthcare, and employment.
- *Language access and equity*: Unequal access to language support services, particularly for Indigenous languages and migrant communities, creates language gaps and disadvantages.
- **Language revitalisation of Indigenous languages**: Effective strategies for preserving, promoting, and revitalising Indigenous languages remain a crucial and complex task.
- **Language learning resources**: The development of culturally appropriate and effective language learning materials is vital for diverse communities.

Advantages of Australia's Multilingual Landscape

- **Economic Growth:** A diverse language pool can lead to increased opportunities in international trade and business. Multilingual workers are often in high demand in various sectors, including tourism, education, and healthcare.
- **Cultural Enrichment:** Exposure to different cultures and languages through immigration and tourism broadens perspectives and promotes understanding, fostering a richer and more vibrant society.
- **Improved Social Cohesion:** When diverse communities share common languages, it facilitates social integration and understanding, building a more inclusive and harmonious society.
- **Global Connectivity:** Multilingualism enhances global connectivity and fosters opportunities for collaboration with international partners.

Case Studies: Language Preservation Initiatives

- **Case Study 1 (Indigenous Language Revitalisation):** Highlight a specific Indigenous language revitalisation program, showcasing the efforts of communities and organisations working to preserve and promote their language. This might include examples of language immersion programs, language teaching, and support for language speakers.
- **Case Study 2 (Multilingual Businesses):** Showcase examples of Australian businesses that have successfully adapted to multilingual customers and workers, highlighting the benefits of having diverse language capabilities.

The Complexities of Defining "How Many Languages"

The simple question "how many languages are spoken in Australia" is fundamentally complex. There is no definitive answer. This is due to several factors:

1. Defining "Language"

The concept of language itself is nuanced. Are dialects considered separate languages? The Australian linguistic landscape presents this very dilemma.

2. Data Collection Challenges

Collecting accurate data on the prevalence of all spoken languages, particularly Indigenous languages, is a significant methodological challenge.

3. Varying Proficiency Levels

Individuals' proficiency in different languages varies greatly. Someone might be fluent in their native language but only conversational in another.

How To Address Language Issues

- **Language Policy:** Governments can create language policies that support multilingualism.
- **Language Education:** Expanding language education options, particularly those focusing on Indigenous languages and languages of migrant communities.
- **Multilingual Communication Tools:** Improving access to and affordability of translation services.
- **Community Support:** Creating community-led language support programs and resources for Indigenous communities.

Conclusion

Australia's linguistic tapestry is a testament to its multicultural heritage and the enduring strength of its people. Recognizing the challenges and leveraging the advantages of this multilingual society is crucial for fostering social harmony and economic growth. Investing in language preservation efforts and multilingualism initiatives is not just an act of cultural appreciation; it's a strategic investment in the future of Australia.

Actionable Insights for Stakeholders

- **Language Policy Makers:** Develop comprehensive language policies that prioritize language preservation and promote multilingualism.
- **Education Providers:** Integrate language learning resources and opportunities for all students.
- **Businesses:** Implement multilingual practices to cater to a diverse customer base and workforce.
- **Community Groups:** Support language-based initiatives and programs that address the needs of immigrant and Indigenous communities.

Advanced FAQs

1. What are the most challenging Indigenous languages to revitalise, and why? (Address the specific factors contributing to the difficulties of language revitalisation for particular languages) 2. *How does Australia compare to other multicultural nations in terms of language diversity and management?* (Compare Australia's experience to that of other countries with similar levels of immigration and diverse linguistic backgrounds.) 3. **What are the long-term implications of not adequately addressing language barriers in the Australian healthcare system?** (Analyze the potential negative effects of a language barrier on patient care) 4. How can technology be used to facilitate language learning and access, particularly for marginalized communities? (Discuss potential applications of technology, such as language apps, online resources, and translation tools, for supporting language learning) 5. *What role can the arts and media play in promoting the visibility and cultural significance of Australia's diverse linguistic heritage?* (Explore the potential of creative mediums to generate greater awareness and appreciation for the various languages spoken in Australia) This comprehensive exploration of Australia's linguistic landscape highlights the importance of embracing and supporting multilingualism for a more inclusive, vibrant, and globally connected future.

How Many Languages Are Spoken in Australia? A Vibrant Linguistic Mosaic

Australia, a continent of vast landscapes and diverse cultures, is also a fascinating tapestry of languages. When we ask ourselves, "How many languages are spoken in Australia?", the answer is far more complex and richer than a single number might suggest. It's not just about the official tongue; it's a story of ancient heritage, migration, and the ongoing evolution of communication Down Under. For many, the immediate thought goes to English, the de facto national language. However, to limit our understanding to just English would be to miss a significant part of Australia's identity. The true answer to "how many languages are spoken in Australia" lies in understanding the layers of linguistic diversity that have shaped and continue to shape the nation.

The Dominant Language: English

Let's start with the obvious. English is undeniably the most widely spoken language in Australia. It's the language of government, education, business, and everyday life for the vast majority of the population. Australian English,

with its unique slang, intonation, and vocabulary, is a distinct entity within the broader English-speaking world. From "arvo" for afternoon to "barbie" for barbecue, these linguistic quirks are a source of national pride and a clear indicator of a local identity.

Beyond English: The Immigrant Influence

Australia's history is deeply intertwined with migration. Since European settlement, and particularly in the post-World War II era, waves of immigrants from all corners of the globe have brought their languages and cultures with them. This influx has created a multilingual landscape, where homes, communities, and even workplaces echo with a multitude of tongues. So, how many languages are spoken in Australia beyond English? The numbers are impressive and continually shifting. According to various linguistic surveys and the Australian Bureau of Statistics, well over 300 languages are spoken by people living in Australia. This figure includes both the ancestral languages of Indigenous Australians and the languages brought by migrants.

The Enduring Voices of Indigenous Languages

Perhaps the most significant and often overlooked aspect of linguistic diversity in Australia is the presence of Indigenous languages. Before European arrival, it's estimated that between 250 and 750 distinct Indigenous Australian languages were spoken across the continent. These languages are deeply connected to the land, culture, and spirituality of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander peoples. Sadly, many of these languages are now endangered. The impact of colonization, forced assimilation policies, and the interruption of cultural transmission has led to a significant decline in the number of speakers for many traditional tongues. However, there are ongoing, vital efforts to revitalize and preserve these precious linguistic heritages. Organizations, communities, and individuals are working tirelessly to document, teach, and promote Indigenous languages, ensuring their survival for future generations. While the exact number of living Indigenous languages can be debated due to dialectal variations and ongoing research, it's a substantial part of the answer to "how many languages are spoken in Australia."

The Richness of Migrant Languages

The ongoing story of Australia's linguistic diversity is equally shaped by its multicultural population. Immigrants have continued to arrive from diverse linguistic backgrounds, enriching the nation's language landscape. Some of the most commonly spoken non-English languages in Australia include: * **Mandarin:** With a growing Chinese population, Mandarin has become one of the most prevalent non-English languages. * **Arabic:** Communities from various Arabic-speaking countries contribute to the presence of Arabic in Australia. * **Vietnamese:** A significant Vietnamese diaspora has made Vietnamese a commonly heard language, particularly in certain urban areas. * **Punjabi:** Reflecting the substantial Indian diaspora, Punjabi is spoken by a growing number of Australians. * **Greek:** A long-standing Greek community has ensured Greek remains a significant language. * **Italian:** Similar to Greek, the Italian community has been established for decades, maintaining the language. * **Spanish:** As global connections grow, so does the presence of Spanish speakers. * **Hindi:** Another indicator of the expanding Indian diaspora, Hindi is increasingly spoken. * **Tagalog:** Spoken by many from the Philippines, Tagalog adds to the linguistic mix. This list is by no means exhaustive. It's a snapshot of some of the most prominent, but the reality is that you can hear conversations in almost any language imaginable in major Australian cities. This constant linguistic exchange is a hallmark of modern Australia.

Understanding "How Many Languages Are Spoken in Australia": The

Nuances

When we ask "how many languages are spoken in Australia," it's important to consider what "spoken" means. Does it refer to native speakers, people who can hold a basic conversation, or those who speak it fluently? Linguistic data often tries to capture these different levels of proficiency. Furthermore, the classification of languages can be complex. Are dialects considered separate languages? How do we account for languages with very few speakers, often those critically endangered Indigenous tongues? These are ongoing discussions within linguistics and census-taking. The most commonly cited figures for languages spoken in Australia hover around the 300-400 mark, depending on the criteria used. This figure encompasses the Indigenous languages and the vast array of languages brought by people from overseas.

The Impact of Multilingualism in Australia

The linguistic diversity of Australia has profound impacts on society. * **Cultural Enrichment:** Each language carries with it a unique cultural heritage, contributing to the richness and vibrancy of Australia's multicultural identity. Exposure to different languages broadens perspectives and fosters understanding. * **Economic Opportunities:** In an increasingly globalized world, multilingualism is a valuable asset. Individuals who can communicate in multiple languages are highly sought after in various industries, from international trade and diplomacy to tourism and healthcare. * **Social Cohesion:** While linguistic diversity can sometimes present challenges in communication, it also offers opportunities for bridging cultural divides. When people can connect in their native tongue, it fosters a sense of belonging and can strengthen social cohesion. * **Education and Language Learning:** The presence of so many languages in Australia creates fertile ground for language education. Schools and community programs offer opportunities to learn Indigenous languages, as well as a wide range of popular migrant languages. This promotes intercultural understanding from a young age.

The Future of Languages in Australia

The linguistic landscape of Australia is not static. It's a dynamic entity shaped by global migration patterns, government policies, and the efforts of communities to preserve and promote their languages. The future will likely see some languages grow in prominence while others may continue to face challenges. The ongoing revitalization of Indigenous languages is a crucial aspect of this future. Initiatives like language nests, immersion programs, and digital resources are playing a vital role in ensuring these ancient voices are heard. Simultaneously, the languages of new migrants will continue to add new threads to the Australian linguistic tapestry. So, to return to our initial question, "How many languages are spoken in Australia?" The most accurate and inspiring answer is: hundreds. It's a testament to the nation's open, diverse, and ever-evolving identity. It's a celebration of heritage, a bridge for connection, and a vibrant reflection of the globalised world we inhabit. The symphony of languages heard across Australia is one of its most defining and beautiful characteristics.

Australia's linguistic landscape is a vibrant tapestry woven from its rich cultural diversity, reflecting centuries of migration and evolving social dynamics. While English dominates as the de facto national language, serving as the primary medium of communication across government, education, and everyday life, it is far from the only language spoken. The country's commitment to multiculturalism has fostered a remarkable multilingual environment, where hundreds of languages contribute to the nation's identity and global connectivity.

A Nation Shaped by Migration The story of language in Australia

begins with its Indigenous heritage. For tens of thousands of years, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander peoples have maintained over 250 distinct languages, each tied deeply to land, culture, and spiritual tradition. Though many of these languages face endangerment, ongoing revitalization efforts highlight the enduring importance of linguistic heritage. Post-World War II migration transformed Australia's linguistic profile, bringing waves of speakers from Southern and Eastern Europe—Italian, Greek, Croatian, Polish—and later from Asia, the Middle East, and Africa. Today, these communities continue to preserve their native tongues while engaging actively in English. Beyond European influences, Australia's linguistic diversity has expanded significantly through immigration from Asia, Africa, and beyond. Cities like Sydney, Melbourne, and Brisbane are home to vibrant enclaves where Mandarin, Cantonese, Vietnamese, Arabic, Tagalog, and Punjabi are commonly spoken. According to recent data, over 300 languages are represented across the country, a testament to Australia's evolving demographic makeup and its role as a global destination for skilled migrants and refugees alike.

Applications and Benefits of Multilingualism This linguistic richness is not merely symbolic—it carries tangible benefits across sectors. In business, multilingual capabilities enhance market access, improve customer relations, and support international trade. In education, exposure to diverse languages fosters cognitive development, cultural empathy, and future employability in an increasingly globalized workforce. Communities with strong language diversity often report greater social cohesion, as shared communication bridges cultural gaps and strengthens community bonds. Moreover, Australia's multilingual nature enhances its diplomatic and cultural outreach, enabling deeper connections with Indo-Pacific neighbors and beyond.

Looking Ahead: The Future of Languages in Australia As Australia

continues to grow and diversify, linguistic inclusion remains a vital priority. Government initiatives increasingly support language preservation and multilingual education, recognizing the value of linguistic heritage alongside English proficiency. Technology, including translation tools and digital platforms, is breaking down communication barriers, making cross-linguistic interaction more accessible than ever. Looking forward, the nation's linguistic future appears dynamic—where English remains central, yet the mosaic of languages spoken enriches everyday life, strengthens social resilience, and positions Australia as a truly multicultural society ready to thrive in a multilingual world.

How Many Languages Are Spoken in Australia? A Deep Dive into the Nation's Rich Linguistic Tapestry

Australia, a continent renowned for its unique wildlife and stunning landscapes, is also a melting pot of cultures, and a direct consequence of this is a remarkably diverse linguistic landscape. Far from being a monolingual nation, Australia boasts an astonishing array of languages spoken by its residents, reflecting its history of migration and its deep Indigenous heritage. The question "how many languages are spoken in Australia?" is not a simple one with a single numerical answer; rather, it opens a window into the vibrant multiculturalism that defines modern Australia.

Understanding the sheer volume and variety of languages spoken in Australia requires us to consider several key categories: Indigenous Australian languages, the languages of migrants, and creole languages that have emerged within the country. Each of these contributes significantly to the nation's sociolinguistic profile.

The Enduring Legacy of Indigenous Australian Languages

Before European settlement in 1788, the Australian continent was

home to an estimated 250 distinct Indigenous language families, with over 800 distinct languages and dialects spoken by Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander peoples. This rich linguistic heritage represents thousands of years of cultural transmission and connection to the land. Tragically, the impact of colonisation led to the disruption and, in many cases, the suppression of these languages. Factors such as the Stolen Generations, forced assimilation policies, and the dominance of English contributed to a significant decline in the number of speakers.

However, the story of Indigenous Australian languages is not solely one of loss. There has been a powerful and growing movement towards language revitalisation and preservation. Indigenous communities across Australia are actively working to document, teach, and promote their ancestral tongues. This has led to a more nuanced understanding of "how many languages are spoken in Australia" today, as it includes those that are still actively used, those that are being revived, and those that are critically endangered.

Estimates vary, but it is generally accepted that around 150 Indigenous Australian languages are still spoken today, though many have very few speakers. Some, like Pitjantjatjara, Yankunytjatjara, and Arrernte, have robust speaker communities and are taught in schools. Others, sadly, are spoken by only a handful of elders. The ongoing efforts in language centres and Indigenous education are crucial for ensuring that this vital part of Australia's heritage continues to thrive.

The Mosaic of Migrant Languages

Australia's post-World War II immigration programs have transformed its demographic and linguistic makeup. Millions of people have arrived from all corners of the globe, bringing with them their own languages and cultural traditions. This influx has made Australia one of the most linguistically diverse countries in the world, with English serving as the common national language, but not the sole language of daily life for many.

The diversity of migrant languages is immense. According to the Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS), in the last census, over 300 languages were reported as being spoken at home by Australians. This figure is staggering and highlights the truly multicultural nature of the nation. Some of the most commonly spoken languages after English include:

- 1. Mandarin:** Reflecting significant migration from China, Mandarin has become a dominant non-English language in many urban centres.
- 2. Arabic:** Spoken by communities with origins in various Middle Eastern and North African countries, Arabic has a strong presence.
- 3. Vietnamese:** A substantial Vietnamese diaspora contributes to the widespread use of this language, particularly in cities like Melbourne and Sydney.
- 4. Cantonese:** Another significant Chinese dialect, Cantonese remains widely spoken, especially by older generations of migrants.
- 5. Punjabi:** With a growing Sikh population from India and Pakistan, Punjabi is increasingly heard across Australia.
- 6. Greek:** Historically, Greek was one of the most prominent non-English languages, and it continues to be spoken by a significant portion of the population.
- 7. Italian:** Similar to Greek, Italian has a long history in Australia and remains a significant language in various communities.
- 8. Tagalog:** The national language of the Philippines, Tagalog (and its variants) is spoken by a large and growing community.
- 9. Hindi:** As migration from India increases, Hindi's presence in Australia is becoming more prominent.
- 10. Spanish:** Though not as dominant as some Asian languages, Spanish is spoken by a diverse range of communities from Latin America and Spain.

This list is by no means exhaustive, and countless other languages are spoken by smaller but vibrant communities. The presence of these languages enriches Australian society, fostering cross-cultural

understanding and providing a window into global perspectives. The concept of ****multilingualism**** in Australia is not just an academic term; it is a lived reality for millions.

The Emergence of Australian Creole Languages

Another fascinating aspect of Australia's linguistic landscape is the development of creole languages. These are distinct languages that emerge when speakers of two or more mutually unintelligible languages come into contact, usually in a situation of imbalance like colonization or trade. In Australia, creole languages are primarily associated with Indigenous communities.

The most well-known Australian creole is ****Kriol****, spoken in the Northern Territory. Kriol is a descendant of early contact languages that emerged from the interaction between Indigenous Australian languages and English. It has its own distinct grammar, vocabulary, and pronunciation, and is spoken by thousands of people, particularly in remote communities. Other creole languages, such as ****Cape York Creole (Yagay-Yagay)****, are also spoken in specific regions.

The existence of these creole languages is a testament to the adaptability and resilience of Indigenous Australians. They represent a unique linguistic innovation born out of historical circumstances, and are an integral part of the linguistic diversity of the nation. They also complicate the simple question of "how many languages are spoken in Australia" as they are distinct from both the original Indigenous languages and Standard Australian English.

Factors Influencing Language Use and Vitality

The number of languages spoken in Australia is impressive, but their vitality - the extent to which they are used and passed down through generations - varies considerably. Several factors influence this:

- 1. Intergenerational Transmission:** The most critical factor for language survival is its transmission from parents to children. Languages

where this is strong are more likely to thrive.

2. **Number of Speakers:** While not the sole determinant, a larger number of fluent speakers generally contributes to a language's vitality.
3. **Social and Economic Factors:** The prestige associated with a language, its utility in education and employment, and the socioeconomic status of its speakers can all impact its survival.
4. **Government Policy and Support:** Policies that support multiculturalism, language education, and Indigenous language programs can play a significant role in maintaining linguistic diversity.
5. **Urbanization and Mobility:** While migration brings languages to Australia, the process of assimilation and the desire for social mobility can sometimes lead to the decline of heritage languages in favour of English.
6. **Technology and Media:** The internet, social media, and media in heritage languages can be powerful tools for maintaining and promoting language use, especially for diasporic communities.

Answering the "How Many?" Question: A Dynamic Number

So, to directly address "how many languages are spoken in Australia?" The answer is complex and dynamic. Based on recent census data and linguistic surveys, we can say:

1. Over 300 languages are spoken in homes across Australia, excluding English.
2. Around 150 Indigenous Australian languages are still spoken, with varying degrees of vitality.
3. Several ****Australian creole languages**** are actively used, particularly by Indigenous communities.

This means that at any given time, Australia is home to well over 450 distinct languages. This number is a conservative estimate and can fluctuate as new linguistic communities grow and others face

challenges to their language's survival. The linguistic landscape of Australia is not static; it is a continuously evolving entity.

The Importance of Linguistic Diversity

The rich linguistic tapestry of Australia is not merely an interesting statistical fact; it is a cornerstone of its identity and a valuable national asset. Linguistic diversity fosters:

- 1. Cultural Richness: Each language carries with it a unique worldview, history, and cultural heritage. The preservation of languages is the preservation of cultural knowledge.**
- 2. Cognitive Benefits: Multilingualism has been shown to have significant cognitive advantages, enhancing problem-solving skills, creativity, and multitasking abilities.**
- 3. Economic Opportunities: In an increasingly globalized world, individuals fluent in multiple languages have a distinct advantage in international business and diplomacy.**
- 4. Social Cohesion: While English serves as the national language, acknowledging and supporting other languages can foster a greater sense of belonging and inclusivity for all Australians.**
- 5. Understanding of Indigenous Heritage: The revitalisation of Indigenous Australian languages is crucial for reconciliation and for understanding the deep cultural and historical connections Indigenous peoples have to this land.**

Conclusion

In conclusion, the question of "how many languages are spoken in Australia?" reveals a nation of extraordinary linguistic diversity. From the ancient and evolving Indigenous Australian languages to the vibrant array of migrant tongues and the unique creoles that have emerged, Australia's linguistic landscape is a testament to its history, its multicultural present, and its global connections. The ongoing efforts in language maintenance, revitalisation, and education are vital for ensuring that this rich heritage continues to be celebrated and

passed down to future generations. Australia is not just an English-speaking nation; it is a symphony of languages, each contributing to its unique and multifaceted identity.

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accumulation. Ideas connect, understanding strengthens, and confidence develops naturally. In this space, learning does not announce itself. It unfolds through small choices, repeated engagement, and ongoing curiosity. The book remains nearby, ready whenever questions appear, offering not closure, but continuity.

Questions & Answers About how many languages are spoken in australia

No	Question	Answer
1	So, how many languages are actually spoken in Australia?	Australia is incredibly linguistically diverse! While English is the most common, it's estimated that over 300 different Indigenous and non-Indigenous languages are spoken by its residents.
2	Are most of the languages spoken in Australia Indigenous languages?	While there are hundreds of Indigenous Australian languages, the majority of languages spoken in Australia today are actually from non-Indigenous origins, brought by immigrants from all over the world.
3	Which non-Indigenous languages are most common in Australia besides English?	Mandarin, Arabic, Vietnamese, and Punjabi are among the most commonly spoken non-Indigenous languages in Australia, reflecting the country's multicultural population.
4	Are Indigenous Australian languages still widely spoken?	Sadly, many Indigenous Australian languages are endangered, with only a small number of speakers. However, there are dedicated efforts in communities and by linguists to revitalise and maintain these vital cultural languages.
5	Does Australia have an official language?	Australia does not have an officially declared language at the federal level. However, English is the de facto national language and is used in all government, legal, and public spheres.
6	How has Australia's immigration history impacted its language landscape?	Australia's history of immigration from diverse parts of the world has directly led to the vast array of languages spoken. Each wave of migration has contributed to the rich linguistic tapestry we see today.
7	Are there any resources to learn about the languages spoken in Australia?	Yes, many government agencies, universities, and community organisations offer resources. You can find information on Indigenous languages through AIATSIS (Australian Institute of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Studies) and on immigrant languages through census data and cultural centres.
8	Is the number of languages spoken in Australia increasing or decreasing?	While some immigrant languages may see a rise with continued immigration, the trend for many Indigenous Australian languages is a decrease in speakers, highlighting the importance of preservation efforts.

number of languages in Australia, linguistic diversity in Australia, languages spoken in Australia, multilingualism in Australia, how many languages in Australia, top languages spoken in Australia, Australia language statistics, linguistic makeup of Australia, common languages across Australia, multilingual population Australia

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